

THE ENLIGHTENMENT: THE AGE OF REASON

Name _____ Period _____

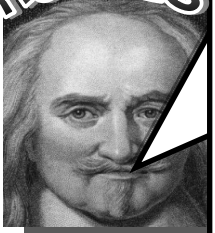
- Scholars began to _____ long held beliefs about _____, _____, and _____.
- Thinkers were inspired by _____ and _____.
- The method of _____ and _____ is used to approach problems of _____.
- Ideas will be based on _____ thought and understanding.
- Describe what a salon was and how it was used.

The Basic Questions: underline key vocabulary significant to the enlightenment.	Philosophers
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What natural law governs the way people should live? 2. How well do our institutions agree with natural law? 3. Does natural law give all people certain rights? 4. What is the best form of government? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Philosophers did not _____. • Some supported _____ rule by the king. • Others argued that the _____ should have a _____ in their own _____. • They all shared a trust in _____ and _____ as the best way of understanding and progress.

THE ENLIGHTENMENT THINKERS - Please note that all writing will be converted to first person.

- My Question: _____
- My Observation: Human beings are naturally _____, _____, and _____.
- In _____, I published a book called _____. I wrote that people are driven by a restless desire for _____. Without _____ or other _____, people would always be in _____.
- _____ are created to _____ people from their own _____.
- People are _____ by _____ and can't be _____ to make decisions that were good for society as a whole.

HOBBS



- My Observation: I _____ the divine right of _____ to _____.
- In _____, I published _____. My book justified a strong _____ which protects _____ rights.
- I _____ that the purpose of _____ is to protect people's _____.
- These rights include the right to _____, _____, and _____.
- In exchange for our rights, _____ give the _____ the _____ to make and _____ laws.
- The true basis of government is a _____ (or agreement) among _____ people.
- My theory is that a government's authority is based on the consent of the _____.

LOCKE



- My Observation: Too much _____ in the hands of any _____ person or _____ will lead to _____.
- I was a _____ author, in _____, I published _____.
- I argued that the best way to protect _____ is to _____ power among _____ branches of _____.
- Each branch of government _____ (limits) the _____ of the others.

The Three Branches of Government

- _____ branch - _____
- _____ branch - _____
- _____ branch - _____

MONTESQUIEU



- My Observation: _____ of thought and _____ is the only way to fight _____.
- I was a _____ writer and participant in Paris _____.
- I supported _____ - allowing people to _____ in _____ in their own way.

Strong supporter of _____ speech.

Quote: "_____."

VOLTAIRE



- My Observations: I studied _____, the scientific study of _____ and _____.
- I _____ to harsh practices that were common in his day and called for _____ in _____ to protect the rights of the _____.
- _____ was common and people found _____ of _____ were often sentenced to _____.
- I argued that laws exists to _____ society and _____ and that _____ does not have to be _____.
- A person accused of a crime should receive a _____ and _____ trial.
- Quote, "Punishment should _____ the _____ of the crime."

BECCARIA



- Enlightenment thinking influenced many throughout _____ and inspired _____ in _____ and _____.
- Although women of the _____ did not have the same _____ or status as men, there were a small few who played an important role by helping to spread ideas about rights and _____ to women.

List names:

- _____ wrote _____ arguing for _____ and _____ rights for women.

